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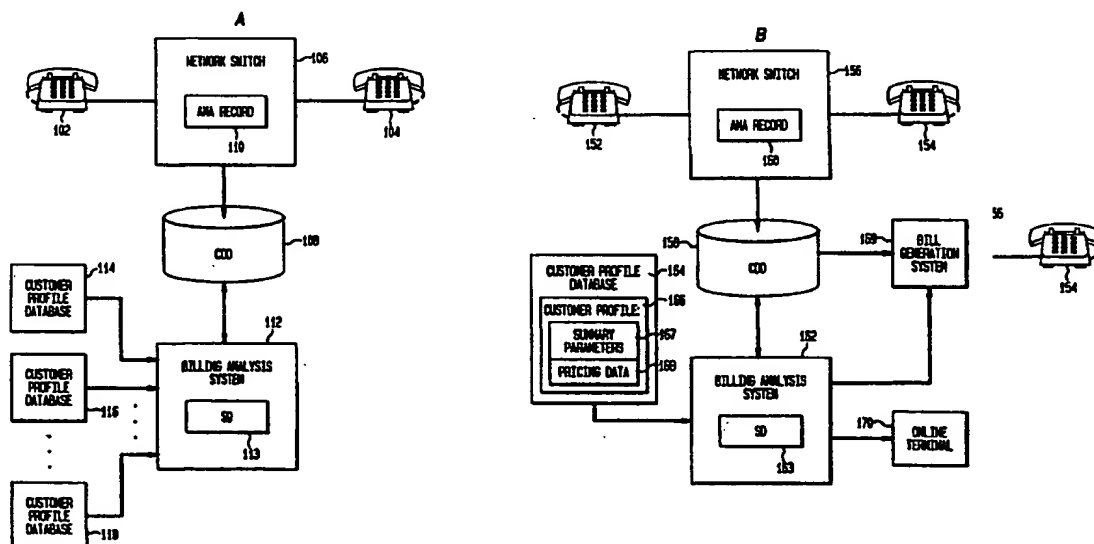
(57) Abstract

A method and system for automatically generating telephone bills that include customer defined or requested summary information. Customer specific data including pricing data and summary parameters are stored. A plurality of records, each record describing a telephone call, are generated. The record is received at a billing analysis system, which determines a priced call value for each call using the record and the customer specific data and determines summary information for the customer using the record, the priced call values and the summary parameters. A telephone bill for the customer is generated based on the summary information for the customer. The bill may be generated periodically, on a predetermined schedule, or upon demand of the customer. Online access to summary information is also provided.

TELEPHONE BILLING WITH SUMMARY INFORMATION

Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to the processing of telephone calls, and

5   in particular, to the billing of the costs of such calls.

Background of the Invention

Telephone bill summary information is useful for a variety of

purposes.   For example, bill summary information may be used to

10   automatically debit accounts for payment, to distribute charges to those who

incurred them, and for cost tracking and reduction. Conventional telephone

bills provide standard summary information, such as the total charges due.

The customer who receives the bill has no control over the summary

information presented on the bill and cannot define or request custom

15   summary information to appear on the bill.   Recipients of such bills must

themselves generate the summary information they need. It would be useful

if bills including the desired customer defined or requested summary

information were automatically generated by the telephone billing process.

Conventional telephone bills are generated periodically, but a need for

20   the information on the bills may arise before the end of a period. For

example, telephone bills are often generated monthly, but it may be desired to

debit accounts more frequently. Likewise, in order to track or reduce costs,

billing information, and in particular, billing summary information, may be

need more frequently than bills are generated, or even on demand. It would

5   be useful if telephone billing summary information were available in real-

time.

Summary of the Invention

The present invention is a method and system for automatically

10   generating telephone bills that include customer defined or requested

summary information.

In order to bill for telephone service according to the present invention,

customer specific data including pricing data and summary parameters are

stored. A plurality of records, each record describing a telephone call, are

15   generated. The record is received at a billing analysis system, which

determines a priced call value for each call using the record and the

customer specific data and determines summary information for the

customer using the record, the priced call values and the summary

parameters. A telephone bill for the customer is generated based on the

20   summary information for the customer. The bill may be generated

periodically, on a predetermined schedule, or upon demand of the customer.

Online access to summary information is also provided.

Brief Description of the Drawings

5   The details of the present invention, both as to its structure and

operation, can best be understood by referring to the accompanying drawings,

in which like reference numbers and designations refer to like elements.

         Fig. 1a is a block diagram of one embodiment a telephone call billing

system, in which the present invention may be implemented.

10   Fig. 1b is a block diagram of the telephone call billing system of Fig.

1a, showing a customer profile including summary parameters according to

the present invention.

         Fig. 2a is a flow diagram of the operation of a summary billing process

according to the present invention.

15   Fig. 3 is a block diagram of another embodiment a telephone call

billing system, in which the present invention may be implemented.

         Fig. 4 is a block diagram of another embodiment a telephone call

billing system, in which the present invention may be implemented.

Detailed Description of the Invention

Referring to Fig. 1a, there is shown a block diagram of a telephone system in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention.

There is shown a calling telephone **102**, a called telephone **104**, a
5   telephone network switch **106** and a Call Detail Database (CDD) **108**. An Automatic Message Accounting (AMA) record, represented by a block **110**, is also shown. As indicated by the figure, a billable call may be initiated at telephone **102** and routed through switch **106**, e.g., an AT&T 4ESS switch, to telephone **104**. The switch generates AMA record **110**, which
10   includes the information necessary to rate the call. The AMA record is passed to CDD **108**. It should be noted here that there are an abundance of protocols and transmission media that may be used for passing the data from the switch to the CDD. For example, suitable protocols include the well known File Transfer Protocol (FTP) and Transmission Control
15   Protocol/Internet Protocol; and suitable transmission media include twisted shielded pair wires, fiber optic lines, coaxial cable, and wireless links. Moreover, these protocols and media are suitable for use in all data transfers and queries hereinafter described.

In any event, once the AMA record has been passed to the CDD, it
20   is available for use in pricing the call. To this end, the AMA record is

passed to a billing analysis system **112**, which may be a general purpose computer capable of running the software necessary to implement the invention. The billing analysis system applies any customer specific billing parameters to the AMA record to produce a processed AMA record. It

5   then passes both the AMA record and the processed AMA record back to the CDD for storage. A method for passing the data back to the CDD is disclosed in co-pending, commonly assigned, US Patent Application Serial No.: 08/607,983 - entitled "Compression and Buffering of a Stream with Data Extraction Requirements" - which application is incorporated herein

10   by reference.

The billing analysis system performs its functions the instant the switch passes the AMA record to the CDD (i.e. it performs call pricing in real-time). In order to achieve real-time processing of AMA records the invention must overcome two primary obstacles. First, the customer

15   specific data is fragmented across multiple business units, with no cohesive notion of an integrated customer profile. This situation is depicted in Fig. 1a, which shows several customer profile databases **114**, **116** and **118**. As shown in the figure, the invention overcomes this obstacle through the use of an integrated customer profile database located within the billing analysis

20   system. Software tools update the integrated customer profile database in

response to updates of the individual customer profiles **114**, **116** and **118** so that the integrated database always contains current information on all customers.

The volume of customer and telephone call data makes it difficult to store, rate, and query call data in real-time. To surmount this obstacle the invention accumulates summary information as each individual call (AMA) record is received and rated in real-time. It is generally desirable for a telephone network to maintain a customer's current bill. Thus, one type of accumulated summary information may be current bills for each network customer. Nevertheless, it may be useful to accumulate other types of summary information for particular customers. The nature of the accumulated summary information for a particular customer depends upon the services subscribed to by that customer.

For example, a customer may subscribe to a plan in which calls made during the hours between 5:00pm and 9:00am receive a 10% discount; in which case it is useful to maintain a summary field containing the number of minutes of calls that the customer has made during the discount period.

In any case, the summary information is stored in a Summary Database (SD) **113** that is located within the billing analysis system. Thus, in this embodiment, AMA records and processed AMA records are stored

in the CDD, while summary information is stored in the SD. Once

summary information has been stored in SD **113**, it is available for

immediate access. It should be noted that many alternative storage schemes

may be employed without departing from the spirit of the invention. For

5   example, in one alternative scheme, AMA records are stored in the CDD,

summary information are stored in the SD, and processed AMA records are

stored in both the CDD and SD.

The processing involved in summary billing is shown in Fig. 1b,

which, as an example, shows the present invention implemented in the

10   telephone billing system of Fig. 1a. The present invention may be similarly

implemented in the telephone billing systems shown in Figs. 3 and 4.

A customer places calls from calling stations **152.** Each call is routed

through a network switch **156,** which generates a corresponding AMA record

160. The AMA record includes an indication of the customer that placed the

15   call. Typically the Automatic Number Identification (ANI) is used for this

purpose. In an ANI system, the number of the telephone station from which

a call is initiated is determined and used to identify the party who initiated

the call. Each AMA record is passed to CDD **158,** making the record

available for call pricing. Each AMA record is passed from CDD **158** to

20   billing analysis system **162,** which applies the customer specific billing

parameters contained in the attached customer profile database, such as database **164**. The billing analysis system **162** then generates updates to summary information stored in the summary database (SD) **163** based on the customer profile **166** stored in customer profile database **164**. The updates to

5   the summary information are generated in real-time as calls are placed and AMA records generated. Updated summary information is available for access immediately after a summary information update is entered into SD **163**. Thus, updated summary information may be accessed whenever desired. For example, a bill may be generated in real-time upon demand of a customer.

10   Summary information stored in SD **163** may also be made available to customers without generating a bill. Snapshot summaries, of the current status of the customer's account, may be generated. In addition, online access to summary information may be provided, such as by online terminal **170**.

Customer profile **166** includes summary parameters **167** that define the

15   summary information that is to be generated and updated for the customer. Customers may subscribe to billing services which provide semi-custom summary information or fully custom summary information may be provided. The summary parameters may be defined directly by the customer, or the summary parameters may be defined based on summary information

20   requested by the customer. Customer profile **166** also includes pricing data

168 that is used to price each telephone call. For example, summary parameters 167 may specify that summary information be compiled based on the number of call minutes since the last bill, the total cost of calls made on a particular day, or on each day, during the billing period, the total cost of calls

5   made to each of a given set of numbers, area codes, cities, states, countries, etc. Likewise, summary information may be compiled based on the time or cost of calls in one or more discount plans, the savings provided by a discount plan, or based on the type of calls made, such as collect calls, etc.

Bills are generated by bill generation system 169 based on the

10   summary information stored in SD 163, which depends on the summary parameters 167 in the customer profile. Bills may be generated periodically, on a predetermined schedule, whenever the generated summary information reaches a predetermined threshold, or bills may be generated whenever desired. If desired, detail information may be added to a bill by using the

15   AMA records stored in CDD 158. Bill generation system 169 receives summary information from SD 163 and AMA records from CDD 158 and generates the bills based on the received information.

Fig. 2 shows, in flowchart form, a procedure that a billing analysis system may use to perform summary billing processing for each call. In the

following description of the flowchart references will be made to the embodiment shown in Fig. 1b.

Upon receiving an AMA record, such as **160a** from CDD **158**, the first step billing analysis system **162** takes is to rate the call (step **202**). It must then match the rated call to the customer (step **204**) so that customer specific parameters can be applied to the call. Several well known techniques can be used to match the rated call to the customer. One such technique uses Automatic Number Identification (ANI). In an ANI system, the number of the telephone station from which a call is initiated is determined and used to identify the party who initiated the call. Accordingly, in the Fig. 1b embodiment, the number of a telephone, such as **152a** may be determined and passed to the billing analysis system along with the AMA record. The billing analysis system may then cross-reference the number to the customer profile containing the customer specific data to be used for the current call. For example, AMA record **160** is cross-referenced to customer profile **166**, which also relates to that customer. Customer profile **166** contains customer specific pricing data **168** that is used to price the call, as well as summary parameters that define the summary information that is to be generated. Once the appropriate profile, or profiles, if there are multiple customer profile database, have been

determined, the billing analysis system applies the pricing data contained in the profiles to the rated call to produce a priced call value (step **206**). The billing analysis system then generates summary information updates defined by the summary parameters based on the priced call value (step **208**). The

5   priced call value (processed AMA record) is stored in the CDD and the summary information update for the customer is stored in the SD (step **212**). As described in relation to Fig. 1a, an alternative scheme is to store both the priced call value and current bill - collectively termed "the priced call data" - in the SD; in which case, step **212** would involve storing the

10   priced call value and the current bill in the SD. Finally, a bill is generated based on the summary information stored in the SD (step **214**).

As an optional step in the procedure of Fig. 2, the billing analysis system may adjust charges for old calls to reflect certain types of billing plans (step **210**). This requires that previously generated summary

15   information be retroactively adjusted. Any such adjustments are defined in the summary parameters.

Referring now to Fig. 3, there is shown an alternative embodiment of a telephone system in accordance with the present invention. The customer profiles are not shown, but are similar to those shown in Fig. 1b. As

20   shown in the figure, a call may be initiated at a first telephone **302** and

directed to a second telephone **304**. The call is routed by a network switch **306**, which generates an AMA record **310** for the call. The AMA record is passed to a billing analysis system **312** which applies customer specific pricing data to the AMA record to produce a processed AMA record. The

5   AMA record and processed AMA record are then passed to a CDD **308** for storage.

Like the billing analysis system of Fig. 1b, the billing analysis system of Fig. 3 includes a SD **313**. The billing analysis system of Fig. 3 also includes an integrated customer profile - although, it should be noted

10 that for simplicity of presentation the individual customer profile databases and the bill generation system are not shown in Fig. 3, nor in the figures that follow. Also, like the billing analysis system of Fig. 1a, the billing analysis system of Fig. 3 accumulates summary information as each individual call record is received and rated in real-time, the summary

15 information being stored in the SD **313**. As in the prior described embodiment, alternative schemes may be employed for the storage of the AMA records, processed AMA records, and summary information.

Fig. 4 shows another embodiment of a telephone system in accordance with the present invention. The customer profiles are not

20 shown, but are similar to those shown in Fig. 1b. In the Figure 4

embodiment, as in the previous embodiments, a call initiated at a first telephone **402** may be directed to a second telephone **404** through a network switch **406**, which generates an AMA record **410**. However, in the Fig. 4 embodiment the AMA record is passed to a Rating Complex (RC) **412**. The

5   RC is a unit which performs the functions of the CDD and billing analysis system, and may therefore be characterized as a combined CDD and billing analysis system. As shown in the figure, the RC may include a SD **413** for storing the summary information separately from the AMA records and processed AMA records. As in the prior described embodiments,

10   alternative schemes may be employed for the storage of the AMA records, processed AMA records, and summary information.

It should be noted that although all three embodiments discussed above depict a call as being initiated from a first telephone and directed to a second telephone, it is possible that calls may be initiated by, and directed

15   to, many different types of communication devices. For example, a call may be initiated by a fax machine and directed to a personal computer. Moreover, a call may be initiated by a single communication device and directed to multiple communication devices. For example, a call may be initiated by a fax machine and directed to multiple independent personal

20   computers. For purposes of this description, each instance of a single

initiating call being directed to a different terminating device will be considered an independent call.

Although specific embodiments of the present invention have been described, it will be understood by those of skill in the art that there are other embodiments which are equivalent to the described embodiments. Accordingly, it is to be understood that the invention is not to be limited by the specific illustrated embodiments, but only by the scope of the appended claims.

CLAIMS

1   1.   A method of billing for telephone service comprising the steps of:

2   storing customer specific data including pricing data and summary

3   parameters for a customer;

4   generating a plurality of records, each record describing a telephone

5   call;

6   receiving the record at a billing analysis system;

7   determining a priced call value for each call using the record and the

8   customer specific data; and

9   determining summary information for the customer using the record,

10   the priced call values and the summary parameters.

1   2.   The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of:

2   generating a telephone bill for the customer based on the summary

3   information for the customer.

1   3.   The method of claim 2, wherein the telephone bill is generated

2   periodically.

1   4.   The method of claim 2, wherein the telephone bill is generated based

2   on a predetermined schedule.

1   5.   The method of claim 2, wherein the telephone bill is generated when at

2   least a portion of the summary information reaches a predetermined threshold.

1   6.   The method of claim 2, wherein the telephone bill is generated in real-

2   time upon demand of the customer.

1   7.   The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of:

2   providing real-time access to the summary information to the

3   customer.

1   8.   The method of claim 1, wherein the summary parameters are defined

2   by the customer.

1   9.   The method of claim 1, wherein the summary parameters are defined

2   based on a request from the customer

1   10.   A system for billing for telephone service comprising:

2   a database storing customer specific data including pricing data and

3   summary parameters for a customer;

4   a network switch generating a plurality of records, each record

5   describing a telephone call; and

6   a billing analysis system receiving the record, accessing the database

7   to obtain the customer specific data, determining a priced call value for each

8   call using the record and the pricing data, and determining summary

9   information for the customer using the record, the priced call values and the

10   summary parameters.

1   11.   The system of claim 10, further comprising:

2   a bill generation device generating a telephone bill for the customer

3   based on the summary information for the customer.

1   12.   The system of claim 11, wherein the telephone bill is generated

2   periodically.

1   13.   The system of claim 11, wherein the telephone bill is generated based

2   on a predetermined schedule.

1   14.   The system of claim 11, wherein the telephone bill is generated when

2   at least a portion of the summary information reaches a predetermined

3   threshold.

1   15.   The system of claim 11, wherein the telephone bill is generated in real-

2   time upon demand of the customer.

1   16.   The system of claim 10, further comprising the step of:

2   an access device providing real-time access to the summary

3   information to the customer.

1   17.   The system of claim 10, wherein the summary parameters are defined

2   by the customer.

1   18.   The system of claim 10, wherein the summary parameters are defined

2   based on a request from the customer

1   19.   A system for billing for telephone service comprising:

2   means for storing customer specific data including pricing data and

3   summary parameters for a customer;

4   means for generating a plurality of records, each record describing a

5   telephone call;

6   means for receiving the record;

7   means for determining a priced call value for each call using the

8   record and the customer specific data; and

9   means for determining summary information for the customer using

10   the record, the priced call values and the summary parameters.

1   20.   The system of claim 19, further comprising:

2   means for generating a telephone bill for the customer based on the

3   summary information for the customer.

1   21.   The system of claim 20, wherein the telephone bill is generated

2   periodically.

1   22.   The system of claim 20, wherein the telephone bill is generated based

2   on a predetermined schedule.

1   23.   The system of claim 20, wherein the telephone bill is generated when

2   at least a portion of the summary information reaches a predetermined

3   threshold.

1   24.   The system of claim 20, wherein the telephone bill is generated in real-

2   time upon demand of the customer.
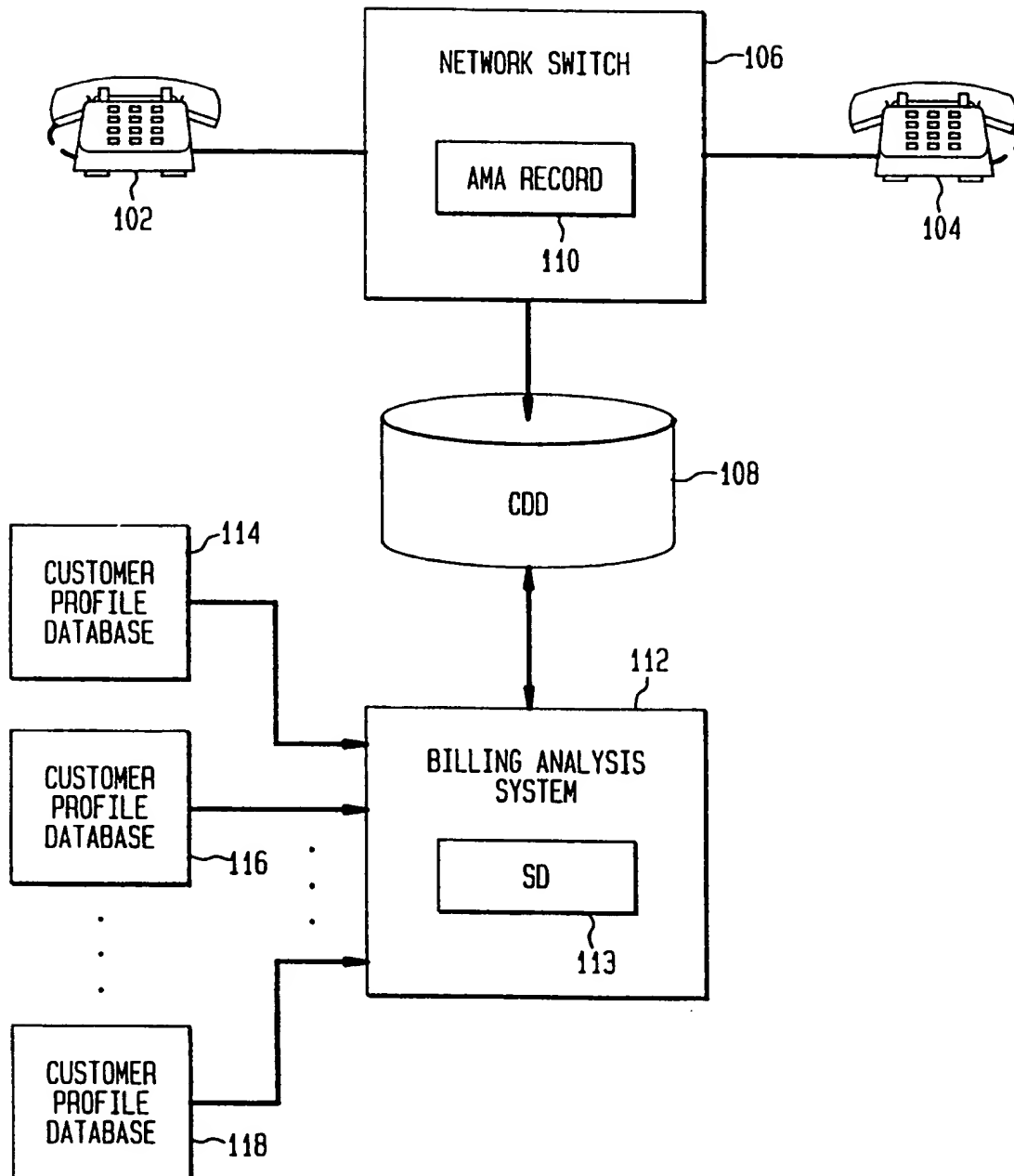

1   25.   The system of claim 19, further comprising the step of:

2   means for providing real-time access to the summary information to

3   the customer.

1   26.   The system of claim 19, wherein the summary parameters are defined

2   by the customer.

1   27.   The system of claim 19, wherein the summary parameters are defined

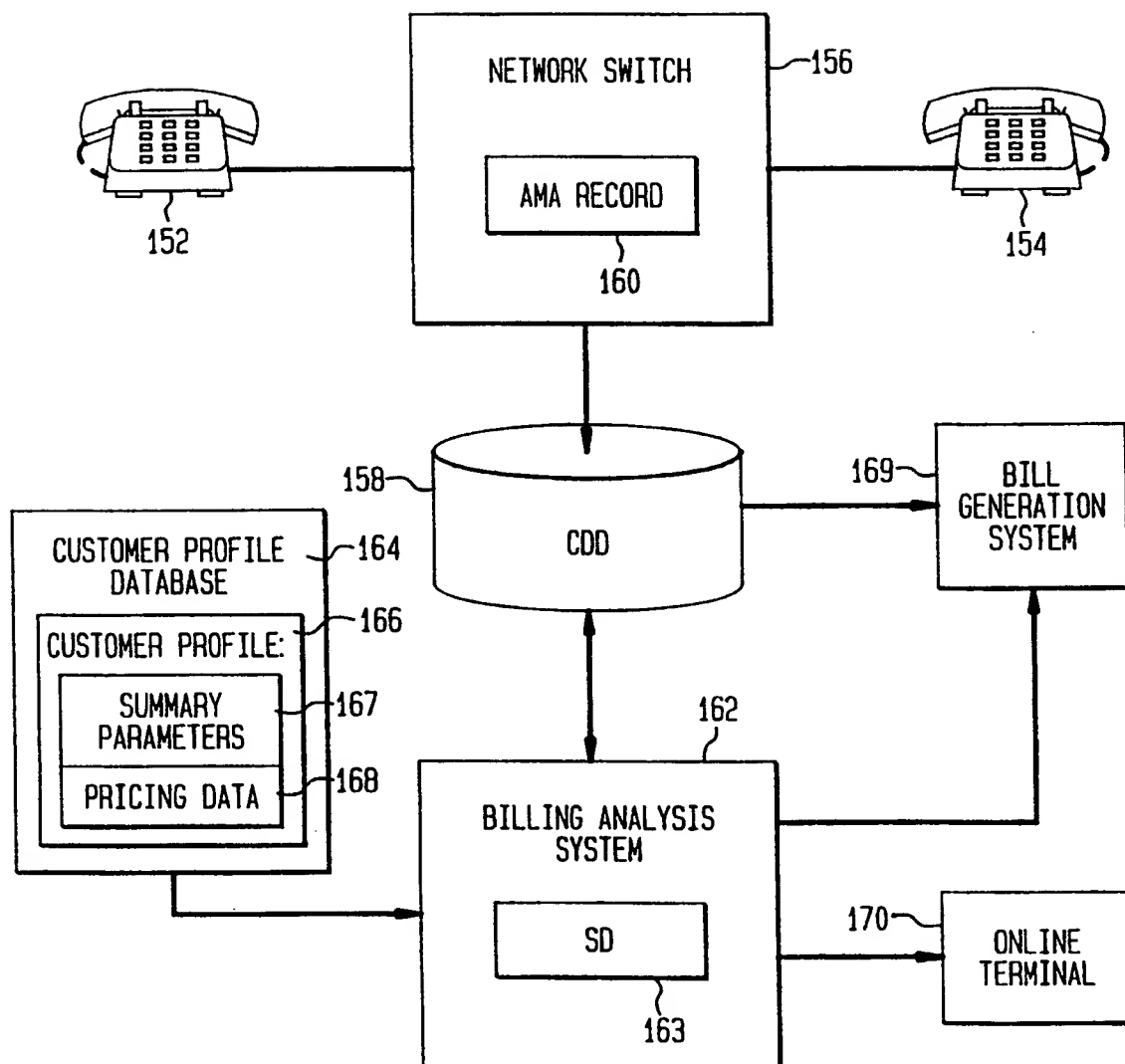2   based on a request from the customer

FIG. 1A

2/4

FIG. 1B

3/4

FIG. 2

RATE CALL ─202

↓

MATCH CALL TO CUSTOMER ─204

↓

APPLY CUSTOMER SPECIFIC
DATA TO RATED CALL TO ─206
PRODUCE A PRICED CALL
VALUE

↓

GENERATE SUMMARY
INFORMATION UPDATE BASED ─208
ON PRICED CALL

↓

MAY ADJUST SUMMARY
INFORMATION DUE TO OLD ─210
CALLS

↓

WRITE SUMMARY
INFORMATION UPDATE TO SD ─212

↓

GENERATE BILL BASED ON ─214
SUMMARY INFORMATION

4/4

FIG. 3

NETWORK SWITCH ⌐306

AMA RECORD

302   310   304

BILLING ANALYSIS
SYSTEM ⌐312

SD

313

CDD ⌐308

FIG. 4

NETWORK SWITCH ⌐406

AMA RECORD

402   410   404

RATING COMPLEX ⌐412

SD
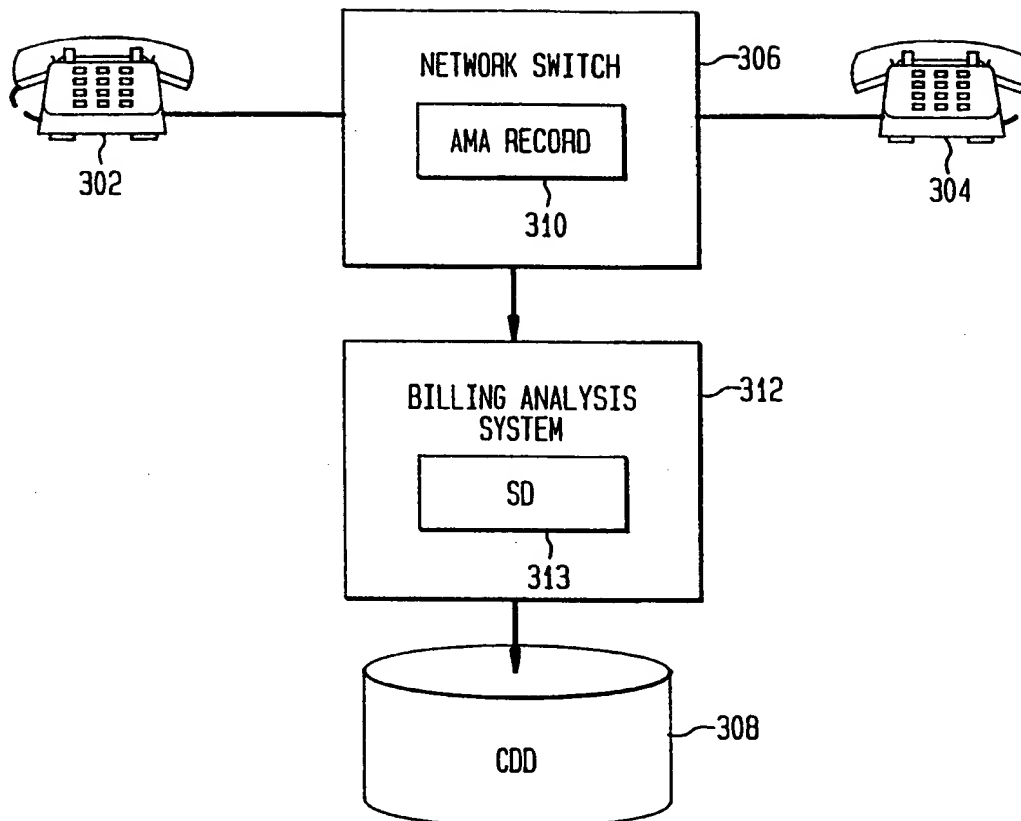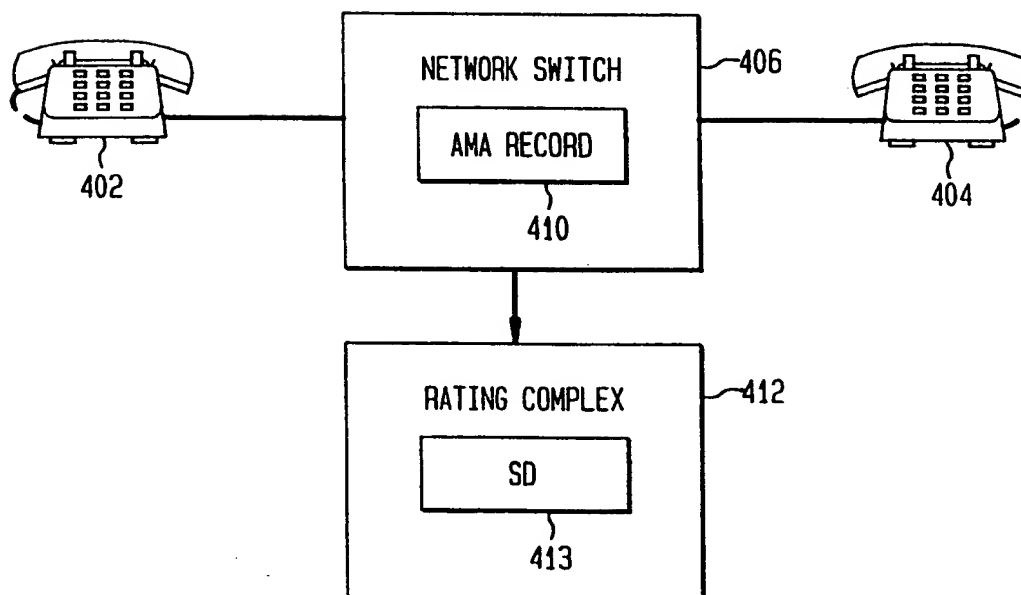
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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Inte   ional Application No

PCT/US 98/02062

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
IPC 6   H04M15/00

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 6   H04M

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and. where practical. search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

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A	EP 0 452 591 A (AMERICAN TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH) 23 October 1991 see column 6, line 42 - line 52 see column 13, line 5 - line 39 see column 18, line 14 - line 27 ---	1-27
A	US 5 506 893 A (BUSCHER THOMAS H ET AL) 9 April 1996 see column 3, line 14 - line 38 ---	6,7,15, 16,24,25

-/--

| X | Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C. | X | Patent family members are listed in annex. |

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"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance

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Date of the actual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the international search report
16 July 1998	23/07/1998

Name and mailing address of the ISA	Authorized officer
European Patent Office. P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016	Nygren, P

Form PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet) (July 1992)

Inte   .ional Application No

P.CT./US. 98./.02.062

C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category	Citation of document. with indication.where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	HANCOCK J L: "BILLING DEVELOPMENT IN A US REGIONAL BELL OPERATING COMPANY" BRITISH TELECOMMUNICATIONS ENGINEERING, vol. 11, no. PART 04, 1 January 1993, pages 252-261, XP000395680 see page 252, right-hand column, line 23 - page 254, left-hand column, line 2 -----	1-27

1

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